Name:		Date:	- HURBAN HASSEMBLY
<b>Chemistry</b> ~ Ms. Hart	Class:	Anions or Cations	SCHOOL FOR CRIMINAL

## 7.3 – Le Chatelier - Exit Ticket

1. Consider the following equation:

$$Zn(s) + HCl(aq) \rightarrow ZnCl_2(aq) + H_2(g)$$

What will happen to the concentration of each product or reactant if  $ZnCl_2$  is added to the system at equilibrium? Place a + if the concentration will increase and a - if the concentration will decrease.

2. Given the system at equilibrium:

$$2POCl_3(g) + energy \rightleftharpoons 2PCl_3(g) + O_2(g)$$

Which changes occur when O<sub>2</sub>(g) is added to this system?

- (1) The equilibrium shifts to the right and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) increases.
- (2) The equilibrium shifts to the right and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) decreases.
- (3) The equilibrium shifts to the left and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) increases.
- (4) The equilibrium shifts to the left and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) decreases.
- 3. Given the reaction at equilibrium:

$$N_2(g) + O_2(g) + energy \rightleftharpoons 2 NO(g)$$

Which change will result in a decrease in the amount of NO (g) formed?

- (1) decreasing the pressure
- (2) decreasing the concentration of  $N_2(g)$
- (3) increasing the concentration of O<sub>2</sub> (g)
- (4) increasing the temperature

Name:		Date:	- HURBAN HASSEMBLY
<b>Chemistry</b> ~ Ms. Hart	<u>Class:</u>	Anions or Cations	SCHOOL FOR CRIMINAL IUSTICE

## 7.3 – Le Chatelier - Exit Ticket

1. Consider the following equation:

$$Zn(s) + HCl(aq) \rightarrow ZnCl_2(aq) + H_2(g)$$

What will happen to the concentration of each product or reactant if  $ZnCl_2$  is added to the system at equilibrium? Place a + if the concentration will increase and a - if the concentration will decrease.

2. Given the system at equilibrium:

$$2POCl_3(g) + energy \rightleftharpoons 2PCl_3(g) + O_2(g)$$

Which changes occur when  $O_2(g)$  is added to this system?

- (1) The equilibrium shifts to the right and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) increases.
- (2) The equilibrium shifts to the right and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) decreases.
- (3) The equilibrium shifts to the left and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) increases.
- (4) The equilibrium shifts to the left and the concentration of PCl<sub>3</sub> (g) decreases.
- 3. Given the reaction at equilibrium:

$$N_2(g) + O_2(g) + \text{energy} \rightleftharpoons 2 \text{ NO}(g)$$

Which change will result in a decrease in the amount of NO (g) formed?

- (1) decreasing the pressure
- (5) decreasing the concentration of  $N_2(g)$
- (6) increasing the concentration of  $O_2$  (g)
- (7) increasing the temperature