

Unit 5

NAME

Class Work

12/13/13

## 5.3 Ionic Bonding - Naming

SPARK (Take out your 5.2 WS)

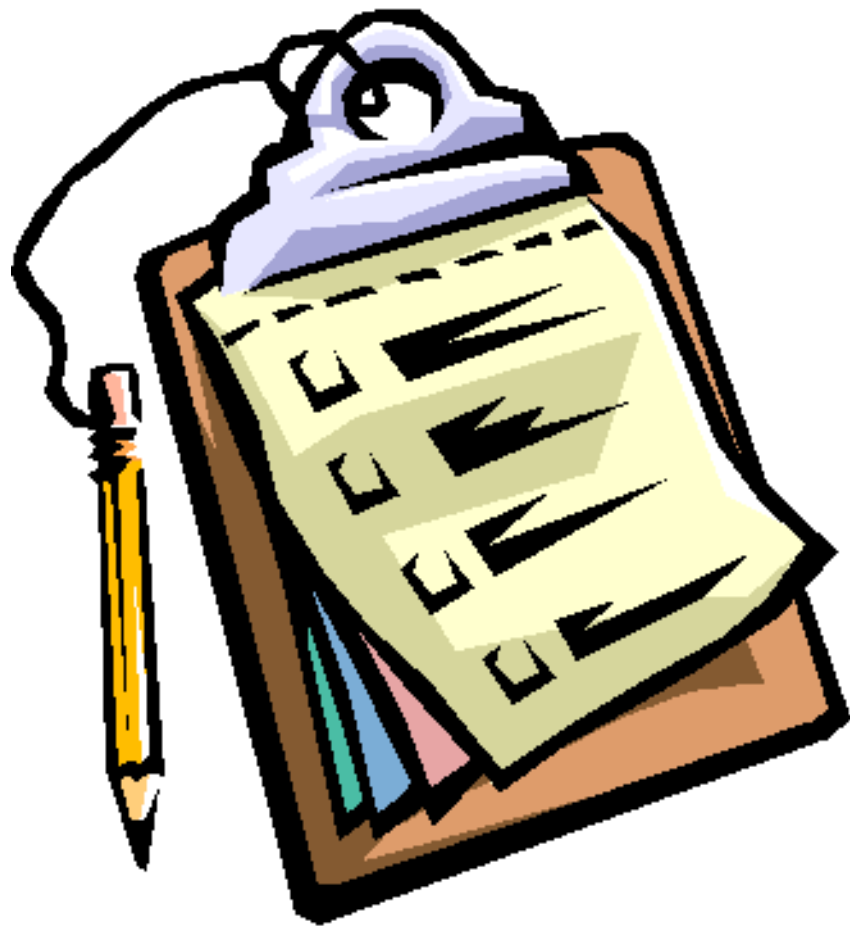
1. Write the formula for the following compounds:
  - a. Calcium iodide
  - b. Potassium nitride
  - c. Barium and phosphorous
  - d. Gallium and chloride

## Objective

SWBAT name binary ionic compounds.

# Agenda:

- SPARK/Objective
- Review – chemical formulas
- Lesson
- Practice
- Exit Ticket
- Homework



Objective: SWBAT explain trends in electronegativity

# BINARY COMPOUNDS

- A binary compound is a compound that contains only two different elements.
- Which formula represents a binary compound?
  - 1) Ne
  - 2) Br<sub>2</sub>
  - 3) C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
  - 4) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

# Oxidation Numbers

- Shown on your periodic table of elements
- The charge on a monatomic (single) ion is also called its oxidation state/number
  - Tells you what ions the element tends to form

# Check for understanding

- What is the oxidation number for Calcium?

# Transition Metals

- Transition metals have more than one oxidation state, so the name needs to identify which oxidation state is being referred to.



# The Stock System of Nomenclature



Name of cation

+

Roman

numeral

indicating

charge

Name of  
anion

copper(II)

chloride

Used for ionic compounds where the cation has more than one common oxidation state (think transition metals!)

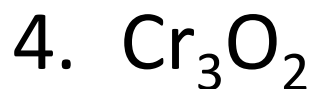
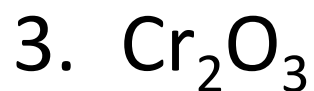
# Transition Metals

- The name of the transition metal ion will tell you its charge or oxidation number.
  - Copper (I) will have a +1 charge or oxidation number
  - Copper (II) will have a +2 charge or oxidation number



- What is the formula for Iron (II) Bromide?

- What is the correct formula for chromium (III) oxide?



- Write the formula for Lead (IV) Oxide?

# How do we find the oxidation number if we have the chemical formula???

- You can find the oxidation number or charge on the cation by realizing that the overall compound must be neutral (EQUAL ZERO)!

# Iron (II) Oxide

**FeO**

# of Atoms

Charge

**+2**  
**-2**

$$\underline{1}x + \underline{1}(-2) = 0$$

Used in make-up and in tattoo ink!

# Iron (III) Oxide

Used to make iron, steel and many alloys.  
Also used in cosmetics and as a pigment in jewelry.



$$2x + 3(-2) = 0$$

- What is the oxidation number for  $\text{VF}_4$ ?



# Practice with your neighbors!!!! Complete Chart

Name	Formula
Aluminum Oxide	
Iron (III) Chloride	
Sodium Iodide	
	CuO
	BeS
	MnBr <sub>3</sub>



# Answers!

Name	Formula
Aluminum Oxide	$\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$
Iron (III) Chloride	$\text{FeCl}_3$
Sodium Iodide	$\text{NaI}$
Copper (II) Oxide	$\text{FeO}$
Beryllium Sulfide	$\text{BeS}$
Manganese (III) Bromide	$\text{MnBr}_3$

## 5.3 Independent Work!

- Practice problems on your own.

# Exit Ticket

- What is the name for  $\text{TiO}_2$ ?
- What is the formula for Nickel (II) Iodide?

# HOMEWORK

Finish 5.3 independent practice sheet!

Objective: SWBAT demonstrate mastery of Unit 4 topics!